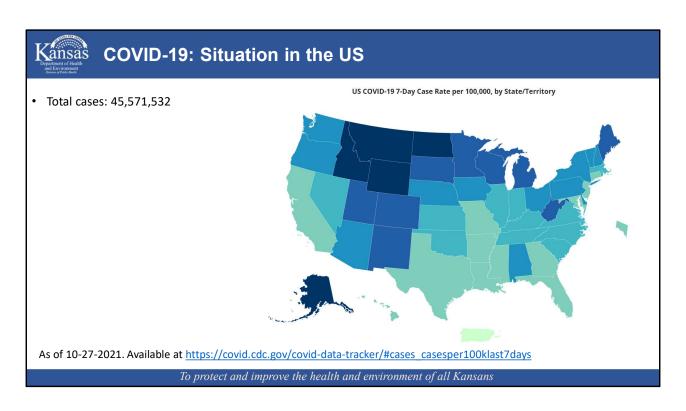


Global Map: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/locations-confirmed-cases.html.

Last week, we had almost 242 million cases around the world and 4.9 million deaths.

This week, there are almost 245 million cases and 4,970,789 deaths around the world.



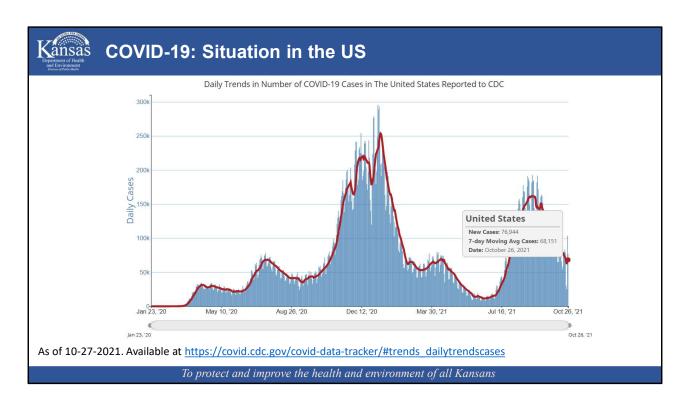
Last week in the US:

Total cases: 45,070,875 (a little over 45 million)

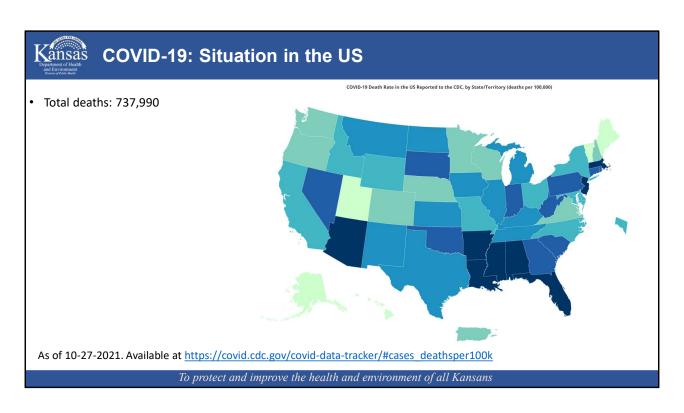
As of yesterday

This week:

Total cases: 45,571,532



The 7 day average number of cases in the US is a little over 68,100 cases per day which is down from a little under 76,000 cases per day last week.



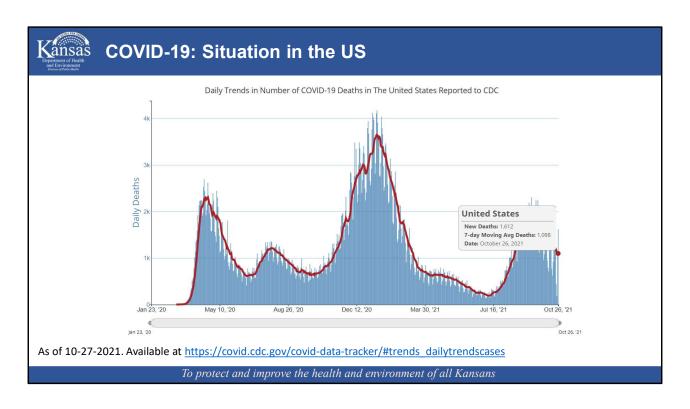
Last week in the US:

Total deaths: 728,125 (over 728,000)

As of yesterday

This week:

Total deaths: 737,990

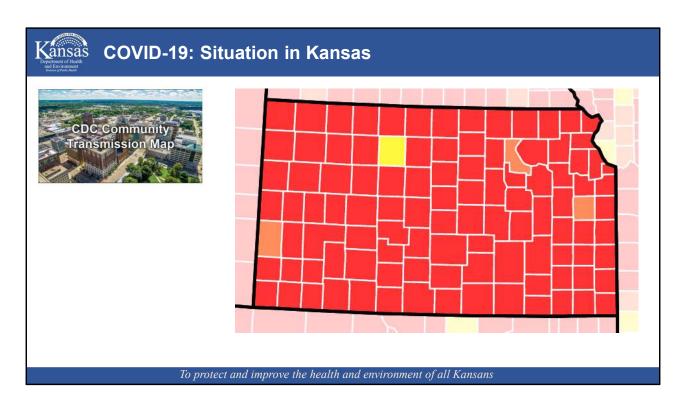


The 7 day average number of deaths in the US is almost 1100 deaths per day which is a little less than the 1,250 deaths per day last week.

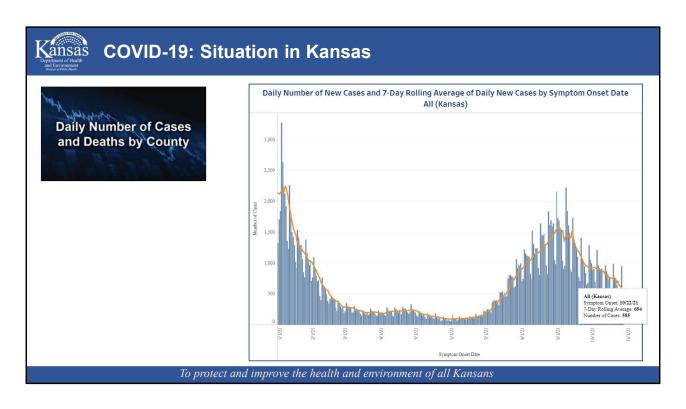
	Hospitalizations	Statewide Deaths	MIS-C Cases						
432,730	14,770	6,345	20						
ipdated: 10/27/2021 at 9:00 AM. The	re were 2,437 new cases, 103 new deaths, and 105 r	new hospitalizations reported since Monday, 10/2	5/2021.						

As of yesterday, we had 432,730 cases (which is an increase of 5,807 cases since last week) and 6,345 deaths statewide (that's an increase of 160 deaths reported since last week).

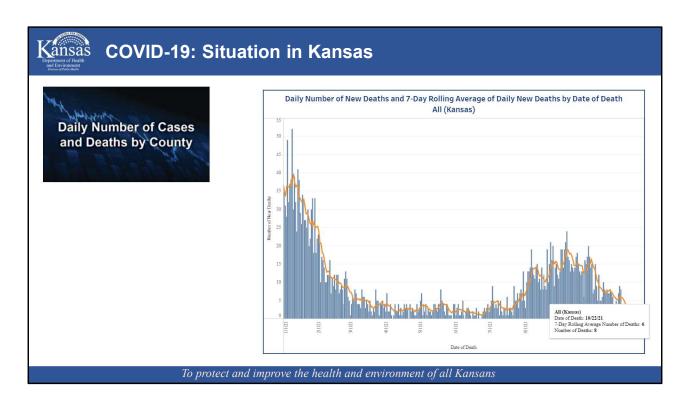
There were 2,437 new cases and 103 new deaths reported between Monday 10/25/2021 and Wednesday 10/27/2021. In case that number of deaths reported sounds alarming, remember that's based on when the deaths are reported and also has to do with us systematically going back through all of the cases in the disease surveillance system and looking for any deaths filed with vital statistics. A little later on, we will look at the trend based on the actual date of death.



Looking at CDC's Community Transmission Map, you can see that, for the time period between October 20 and October 26 that most of the counties in KS were in the substantial (orange) and high (red) level of transmission categories. You have Rooks County in moderate transmission (yellow).



If you look at the 7 day average number of cases based on symptom onset date, starting with October 16 and ending October 22, our 7 day rolling average is 694 cases per day.



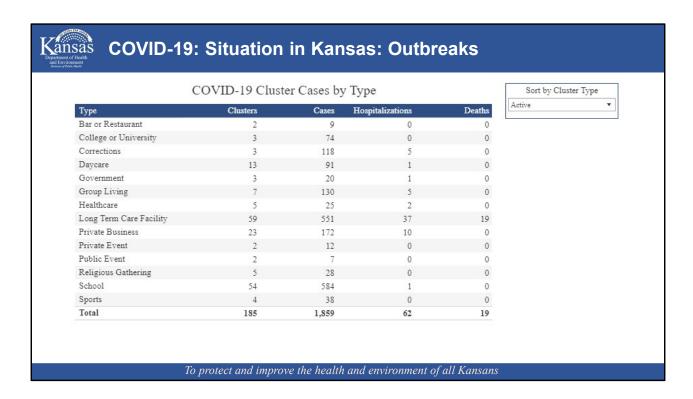
If you look at the 7 day average number of deaths based on the date of death, starting with October 16 and ending October 22, our 7 day rolling average is 6 deaths per day.

Active COVID-19 Clusters									
Clusters	Cases	Hospitalizations	Deaths						
185	1,859	62	19						
Clusters	Cases	Hospitalizations	Deaths						
Clusters		ID-19 Clusters  Hospitalizations	Deaths						
2,808	45,874	2,263	2,313						
5 874 outbreak-related	cases/432,730 cases (10	0.6%)							

### Moving on to outbreaks:

As of late Tuesday night, we had 2,808 outbreaks across the state. This week we have 185 active clusters which is a decrease from 203 last week.

Our percentage of outbreak related cases is 10.6%, outbreak-related hospitalizations is about 15.3% and outbreak-related deaths is about 36.5%.



We currently have 13 active outbreaks in daycares, 3 in corrections (down from 8 last week), 7 in group living, and 59 active outbreaks in LTCFs (the same as last week). We also have 23 in private businesses and 54 in schools (down slightly from 60 last week).

Don't forget, if you are interested in seeing the list of named locations with 5 or more cases within the last 14 days, you can go to the dashboard.

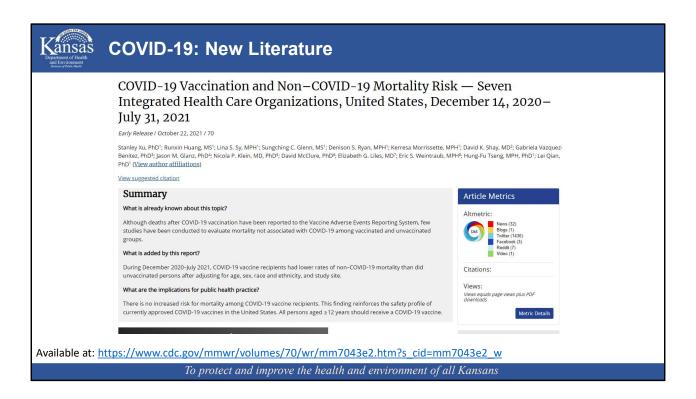


The Delta variant is more transmissible than previously circulating SARS-CoV-2 variants (1); however, whether it causes more severe disease in adults has been uncertain.

Analysis of COVID-NET data from 14 states (population based surveillance system of COVID-19 hospitalizations). COVID-19—associated hospitalization rates among all adults declined during January—June 2021 (pre-Delta period), before increasing during July—August 2021 (Delta period).

The proportion of patients who were admitted to an intensive care unit (ICU), received invasive mechanical ventilation (IMV), or died while hospitalized did not significantly change from the pre-Delta period to the Delta period (ie severity of disease was about the same pre Delta and during Delta).

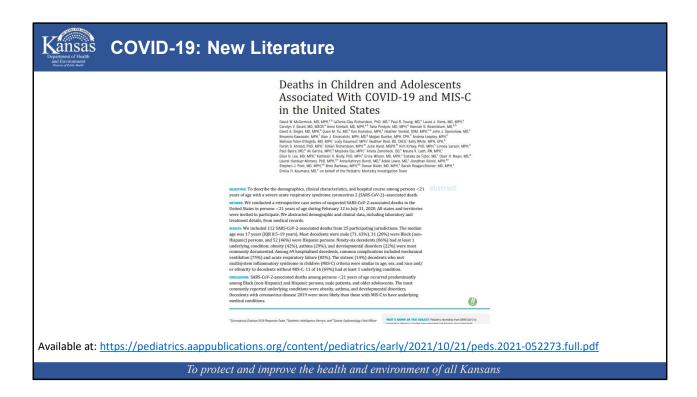
The proportion of unvaccinated adults aged 18–49 years hospitalized with COVID-19 has increased significantly as the Delta variant has become more predominant.



MMWR article addressing the thinking that COVID-19 vaccination puts vaccinated people at an overall increased risk of death compared to unvaccinated people.

To assess mortality not associated with COVID-19 (non–COVID-19 mortality) after COVID-19 vaccination in a general population setting, a cohort study was conducted during December 2020–July 2021 among approximately 11 million persons enrolled in seven Vaccine Safety Datalink (VSD) sites.

After standardizing mortality rates by age and sex, this study found that COVID-19 vaccine recipients had lower non–COVID-19 mortality than did unvaccinated persons. There is no increased risk for mortality among COVID-19 vaccine recipients.

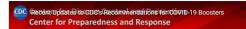


In this study published in Pediatrics the authors conducted a retrospective study of 112 SARS-CoV-2 associated deaths in people < 21 years old and report out on demographic and clinical characteristics of cases. Eighty-six percent had at least 1 underlying condition; obesity accounting for 42%, asthma in 29% and developmental disorders at 22% were the most commonly reported. Decedents also tended to be male and about 28% were Black, non-Hispanic.



# Kansas COVID-19: New Training

What Clinicians Need to Know about the Recent Updates to CDC's Recommendations for COVID-19 Boosters





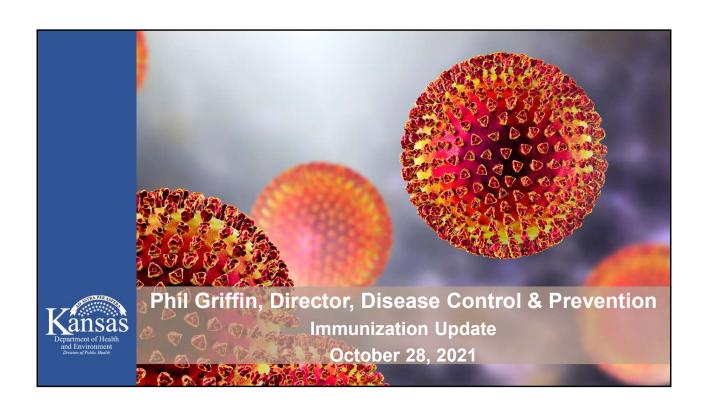
What Clinicians Need to Know about the **Recent Updates to CDC's Recommendations** for COVID-19 Boosters

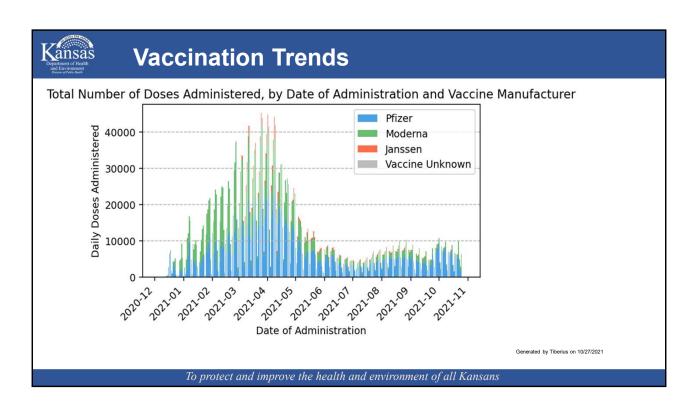


Clinician Outreach and Communication Activity (COCA) Call

Tuesday, October 26, 2021

DM68066&ACSTrackingLabel = CDC%20COCA%20Call%3A%20What%20Clinicians%20Need%20to%20Know%20about%20toW10Call%3A%20What%20Clinicians%20Need%20toW20Know%20about%20toW10Call%3A%20What%20Clinicians%20Need%20toW20Know%20about%20toW10Call%3A%20What%20Clinicians%20Need%20toW20Know%20about%20toW10Call%3A%20What%20Clinicians%20Need%20toW10Call%3AW20What%20Clinicians%20Need%20toW10Call%3AW20WhatW10CliniciansW10Call%3AW20WhatW10Call%3AW20he%20Recent%20Updates%20to%20CDC%E2%80%99s%20Recommendations%20for%20COVID-19%20Boosters%20%20&deliveryName=USCDC 1052-DM68066







# **Order Vaccine As Needed**

### **Avoid missed opportunities!**

Minimum order is 1 vial of any vaccine through direct shipment form KDHE

How to receive vaccine: To place an order for vaccine for delivery next week, please complete the following order form as soon as possible and no later than Wednesday 5pm CT. No longer need to distinguish 1st and 2nd dose.

Pfizer pediatric added for ordering with ordering deadline 10/27/2021. Delivery will be based on FDA authorization and shipment of vaccine to state.

Please keep Vaccine Finder current.

This impacts vaccine.gov and visibility of the vaccine you have available to administer in addition to ordering caps for the state.

### COVID-19 Vaccine eligibility information for Primary and Booster series

The chart below contains information on who is eligible for which COVID-19 vaccine:

	Eligible group	<b>₹</b> Pfizer	moderna	Johnson Johnson
Primary series Refers to vaccinations	Ages 12-17	21 days apart	Not yet authorized	Not yet authorized
needed to be considered fully vaccinated	Ages 18 and older	21 days apart	28 days apart	<b>J</b>
Additional dose Same as primary if avail.	Moderately and severely immunocompromised	28 days after primary	28 days after primary	
Booster dose Refers to additional dose given to increase immunity against mild and moderate COVID-19 infections	Those who received Pfizer or Moderna primary series and are:	6 months after primary	6 months after primary	6 months after primary
CDC allows for mix and match dosing for booster shots	Those who received J&J primary series	2 months after primary	2 months after primary	2 months after primary
	Moderately and severely immunocompromised	6 months after 3 <sup>rd</sup> dose	6 months after 3 <sup>rd</sup> dose	2 months after primary

COVID-19 Vaccine eligibility information for Primary and Booster series (kansasvaccine.gov)

COVID-19 Vaccine eligibility information for Primary and Booster series (kansasvaccine.gov)

### Provider quick reference guide for administration of <u>all</u> COVID-19 vaccines

Vaccine Type	Age	Storage Requirements	Preparation	Doses / Vial	Dosage	Frequency	Additional dose	Booster
Pfizer- BioNTech (purple cap)	12+	Ultra-cold freezer: -90°C to -60°C, 9 months Freezer: -20°C to -15°C, up to 2 weeks Refrigerator: 2°C to 8°C, up to 31 days	Dilution with 0.9% sterile Sodium Chloride Injection, USP: 1.8mL per vial	6 doses/vial (after dilution)	0.3mL	2 doses 21 days apart	28 days after primary series • Moderately or severely immuno-	Excludes 12-17-YOs 6 months after primary series • Age 65+ • Long-term care facility residents
Moderna	18+	• Freezer: -50°C to -15°C • Refrigerator: 2°C to 8°C, up to 30 days	No dilution needed	2 sizes: Max 10 doses/vial Max 14 doses/vial Max 20 punctures for either vial presentation	Primary series: 0.5mL Booster: 0.25mL	2 doses 28 days apart	compromised individuals should receive an additional (3 <sup>rd</sup> ) dose of mRNA vaccine	<ul> <li>Age 18+ with underlying conditions</li> <li>Age 18+ who work or live in high-risk settings</li> <li>Moderately to severely immunocompromised (months after 3<sup>rd</sup> dose)</li> </ul>
J&J / Janssen	18+	• Refrigerator: 2°C to 8°C	No dilution needed	5 doses/vial	0.5mL	1 dose	N/A	2 months after primary series • All recipients

Wastage: Discard any vaccine amount that remains in the vial after drawing max doses per vial

**Booster Mix-and-match:** Individuals falling into one of the groups listed in the "Booster" column may receive a booster dose of **ANY** of the three COVID-19 vaccines, regardless of which vaccine they received as their primary vaccination

Provider quick reference guide for administration of all COVID-19 vaccines (kansasvaccine.gov)

Notes view: 22



# Kansas Moderna Boosters and Wastage

#### Moderna 14 Dose Vial Wastage Table

Full doses Half Doses	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
0	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
2	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
3	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
4	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
5	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
6	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0						
7	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		6					
8	6	5	4	3	2	1	0								
9	5	4	3	2	1	0									
10	4	3	2	1	0	1		1							
11	3	2	1	0			3		3				3		
12	2	1	0												
13	1	0													
14	0						No W	/aste	Repo	orted					
15						Ī									
16															
17	- 3							3							
18					2										
19															
20					6				5		1				7

Moderna-Booster-Wastage-Tables-PDF (kansasvaccine.gov)



# Kansas Moderna Boosters and Wastage

Moderna 10 Dose Vial Wastage Table

Full doses Half Doses	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
2	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
3	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
4	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
5	5	4	3	2	1	0					
6	4	3	2	1	0						
7	3	2	1	0						,	
8	2	1	0								
9	1	0									
10	0										
11											
12					W W	-					
13											
14	-										
15				No	o Was	ste Re	port	ed			
16											
17											
18											
19	- A				Y Y						
20					8						

Moderna-Booster-Wastage-Tables-PDF (kansasvaccine.gov)



#### **Moderna Maximum Doses from a Vial**

#### Use of a vial adapter (from Moderna):

A vial adapter can be used to remove multiple doses out of the Moderna COVID-19 Vaccine vial. However, different vial adapters have different dead volumes that may make it difficult to remove the maximum number of doses. Vial spikes/adapters that allow an open path to the atmosphere can compromise the microbiological quality of the vial and should not be used. An adapter which has a valve to prevent direct contact to the atmosphere and has low dead volume is preferable (e.g. 20 mm West Swabable Vial Adapter (36098057)).

#### **EUA language:**

When extracting only booster doses or a combination of primary series and booster doses, the maximum number of doses that may be extracted from either vial presentation should not exceed 20 doses. Do not puncture the vial stopper more than 20 times.

We are seeking additional clarification from CDC and FDA about this matter.



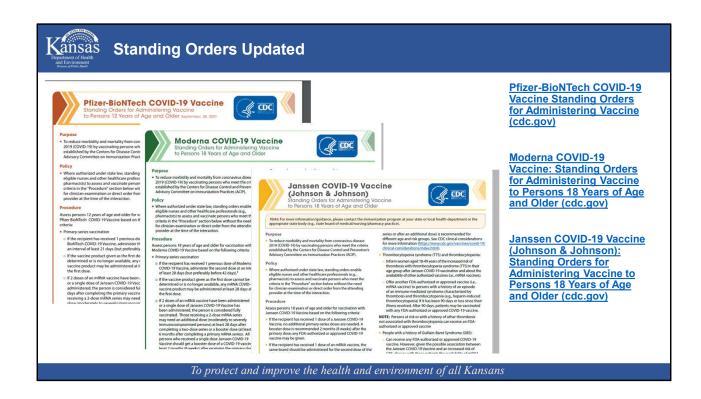
# People who are moderately and severely immunocompromised and COVID-19 vaccine booster dose

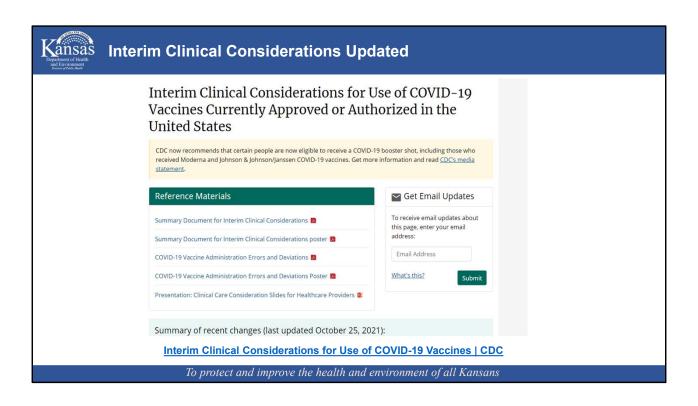
- Moderately and severely immunocompromised people aged ≥18 years who completed an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine primary series and received an additional mRNA vaccine dose may receive a single COVID-19 booster dose (Pfizer-BioNTech, Moderna, or Johnson and Johnson) at least 6 months after completing their third mRNA vaccine dose.
- In such situations, people who are moderately and severely immunocompromised may receive a total of four COVID-19 vaccine doses.
- A person who is moderately or severely immunocompromised and has received two
  doses of an mRNA vaccine and ≥28 days has elapsed since the second dose, should
  receive an additional mRNA dose immediately (if Moderna COVID-19 vaccine is used,
  administer 100µg in 0.5ml), followed ≥6 months later by a single COVID-19 vaccine
  booster dose (if Moderna vaccine booster is used, administer 50µg in 0.25ml).



# People who are moderately and severely immunocompromised and COVID-19 vaccine booster dose

- Moderately and severely immunocompromised people aged ≥18 years who received a single dose Janssen COVID-19 vaccine primary series should receive a single COVID-19 booster vaccine (Pfizer-BioNTech, Moderna or Johnson and Johnson) at least 2 months (8 weeks) after receiving their initial Janssen primary dose.
- If the Moderna vaccine is used in this circumstance, the booster dose and dose volume should be used (50µg in 0.25ml).
- A patient's clinical team is best positioned to determine the appropriate timing of vaccination.
- A person who received one primary dose of Johnson and Johnson COVID-19 vaccine should not receive more than two COVID-19 vaccine doses.







# Kansas 5 – 11 Update

- The committee reviewed safety, efficacy, and benefit-risk data from the CDC, Pfizer and FDA. The Pfizer pediatric 5-11 vaccine was determined to be 90.7% effective against symptomatic COVID disease, and according to the FDA review of Pfizer data, there were no reports of myocarditis/pericarditis, anaphylaxis, or deaths. Common mild reactions were less common in the 5-11 cohort compared to the 16-25 cohort.
- The committee was presented a benefit risk analysis that included five scenarios, which
  included assumed waning vaccine effectiveness over time, another potential spike in
  COVID-19, and high sustained VE against hospitalization/death. Overall, the committee
  felt that the benefits outweigh the risks when voting to recommend authorization. The
  committee brought up a number of concerns, including the unpredictable course of the
  pandemic, limitations in assumptions of sustained immunity, and lack of consideration
  to asymptomatic infection in the analysis.



# Kansas 5 – 11 Update

- The committee had robust discussion on the implementation, equity, and safety of the 5-11 Pfizer COVID vaccines, and some members expressed reservations on widespread use/implementation for the entirety of the 5-11 cohort. Some voting members felt that due to overall low rates of deaths/hospitalization and natural immunity levels, children 5-11 may not need a COVID-19 vaccine. Others felt strongly that if/when this vaccine is authorized under EUA, it should not be mandated in schools, etc. due to limited safety data and short follow-up time in phase 2 and 3 clinical trials.
- However, the majority of voting members noted that approving this vaccine is essential
  to prevent any deaths and to increase equity. Failing to approve this vaccine under EUA
  deprives parents the choice to vaccinate their children and will deny this vaccine to
  children who may need protection from COVID disease in one way or another.



# Kansas 5 – 11 Update

- The Pfizer pediatric presentation will be different from the current Pfizer 12+ presentation. The ingredients are the same, but the dilution and packaging are different. The two presentations are NOT interchangeable.
- Pfizer Vaccines US Medical Affairs will be hosting Immunization Site Training Sessions for All Providers on the Storage, Handling, & Administration for Current & Potential New Formulations of our COVID-19 vaccine (with partner BioNTech). All providers and staff who will have any part in the handling and administration of the Pfizer pediatric vaccine are strongly encouraged to attend at least one training session.
- These sessions will be updated to reflect new information and changes that evolve. Such updates will be identified at the start of each session and further explained during each presentation.

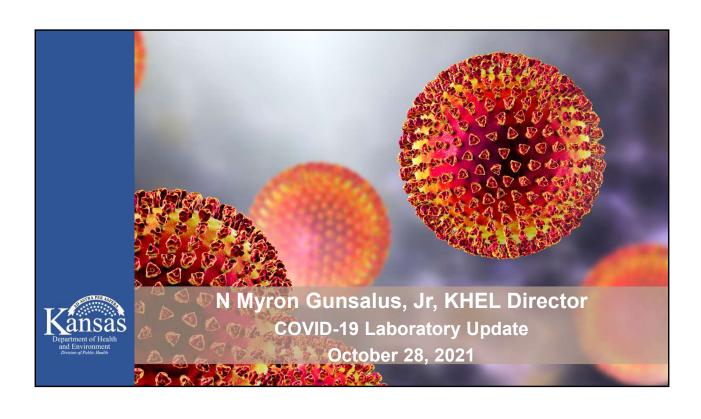


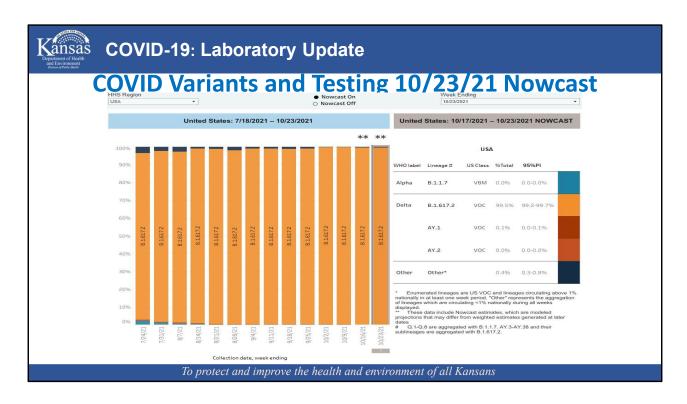
Date & Time	Password
Attendee link – October 28 – 12 PM ET	9ywEun8Mjs7
Attendee link – October 29 – 12 PM ET	cnRBrmGr324
Attendee link – November 1 – 5 PM ET	g9ZmgHaip32
Attendee link – November 2 – 5 PM ET	sJDZQERp325
Attendee link – November 3 – 12 PM ET	82qdN3PppPp
Attendee link – November 4 – 12 PM ET	Y4ZkXdh2bz7
Attendee link – November 5 – 12 PM ET	rJSpNPts332



# Kansas Pfizer 5 – 11 Vaccine Facts to Know

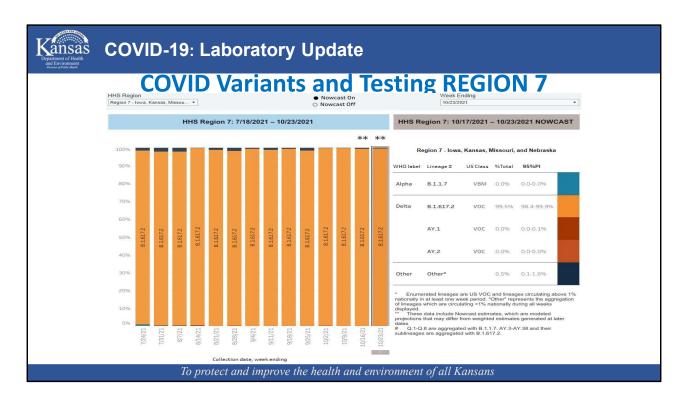
- Once the EUA has been issued by the FDA, orders will be filled and shipped but vaccination cannot begin until ACIP and CDC make the recommendation for use.
- The vaccine for 5-11-year olds will be a new product configuration with new packaging, new preparation, and a new NDC code.
- The current product for adults and adolescents should not be used in children. The pediatric and adult formulations are NOT interchangeable. Providers planning to vaccinate 5-11-year olds must have the pediatric formulation on hand.





https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/?CDC\_AA\_refVal=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.cdc.gov%2Fcoronavirus%2F2019-ncov%2Fcases-updates%2Fvariant-surveillance%2Fgenomic-surveillance-dashboard.html#variant-proportions

99.9% Delta



https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/?CDC\_AA\_refVal=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.cdc.gov%2Fcoronavirus%2F2019-ncov%2Fcases-updates%2Fvariant-surveillance%2Fgenomic-surveillance-dashboard.html#variant-proportions

Now at 100% Delta within statistical error.



### **Variant Notes**

- Delta: AY.1 and AY.2 reported separate due to K417N mutation in spike. All others included in B.1.617.2
- AY.4.2 "Delta Plus" not identified as VOI, VBM, VOC
  - May be more transmissible, but not clear yet about the science of it.
  - None seen in Kansas yet.



### **Keeping Laboratories Connected**

- We want to be able to notify laboratories directly with time critical updates or information.
- **Kansas Health Alert Network (KS-HAN)**
- Be sure to register to be included in laboratory alerts.
- Tell other labs (Commercial, Hospital, Waived, etc)
  - https://www.kdheks.gov/it systems/ks-han.htm

To protect and improve the health and environment of all Kansans

https://www.kdheks.gov/it systems/ks-han.htm



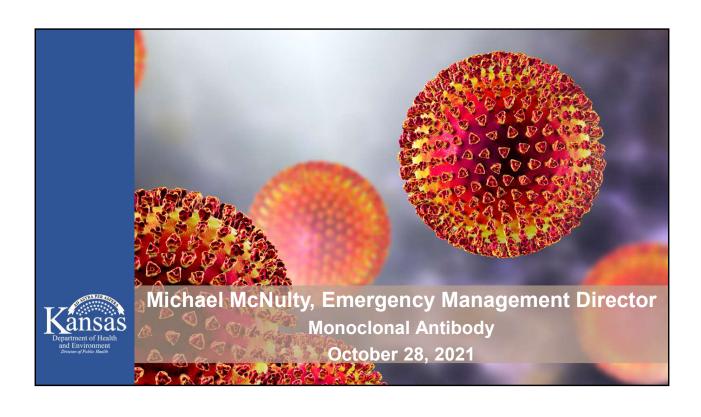
## **Notes and Supply Chain Issues**

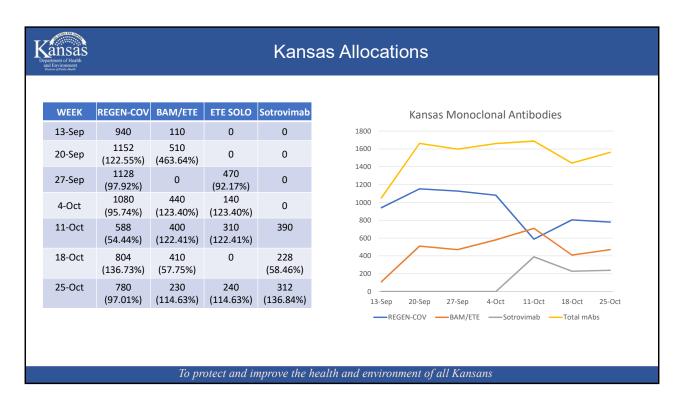
- **Multiple Over the Counter (Self Administered Options)** 
  - Diversification can be beneficial
- **Employer Based Testing** 
  - Please do not ask for supplies to support routine employer based surveillance testing
  - Do not direct employers to order directly from the labs.
  - https://www.coronavirus.kdheks.gov/291/Employer-Based-Testing
  - Includes Playbook and List of Testing Providers



### **Helpful Contacts**

- **General Laboratory Information and LABXCHANGE** 
  - KDHE.KHELINFO@ks.gov
- **CLIA Certification Questions:** 
  - KDHE.CLIA2@ks.gov
- **School Testing Program Contact** 
  - Sarah Allin, K-12 Funding Project Manager
  - Sarah.allin@ks.gov
- **Courier Service** 
  - Chad Yamashita (Chad. Yamashita@ks.gov)





108.32% of last week's allocation, n=1,562

REGEN-COV is still down 17% from the state's initial allocation numbers. Though REGEN-COV is the only monoclonal antibody that can be given sub-q, providers and facilities should consider the use or increased use of BAM/ETE and SOTROVIMAB.



### Federal Updates

- Distributing 151,904 total doses, 93.95% of last week's national allocations
- Total distribution amount likely to decrease in coming weeks
  - Decrease in national COVID-19 case counts
  - Decrease in utilization of mAbs
  - · Decrease in jurisdictions accepting full allocation amount
  - Increase in amount of product on hand in jurisdictions
- First of weekly product delivers on Wednesdays
  - First In, First Out for allocations
  - Kansas submits our allocations typically within an hour of notification

To protect and improve the health and environment of all Kansans

Kansas received 1.03% of the national allocation.



### HHS Protect/TeleTracking Reporting

- Sites administering USG-purchased monoclonal antibodies MUST provide information regarding product utilization and stock on hand through HHS Protect/TeleTracking
- Reporting is required on Wednesdays
- U.S. Healthcare COVID-19 Portal
  - https://teletracking.protect.hhs.gov/#

To protect and improve the health and environment of all Kansans

https://teletracking.protect.hhs.gov/#



#### Treatment information

- FDA Fact sheet for Health Care Providers on the Emergency Use Authorization of Sotrovimab https://www.fda.gov/media/149534/download
- Shelf-Life Extension of Bamlanivimab under the Emergency Use Authorization for Bamlanivimab and Etesevimab Administered Together <a href="https://www.phe.gov/emergency/events/COVID19/investigation-mcM/Bamlanivimab/Pages/20Aug21-announcement.aspx">https://www.phe.gov/emergency/events/COVID19/investigation-mcM/Bamlanivimab/Pages/20Aug21-announcement.aspx</a>
- Shelf-Life Extension of Etesevimab under the Emergency Use Authorization for Bamlanivimab and Etesevimab Administered Together <a href="https://www.phe.gov/emergency/events/COVID19/investigation-mcM/Bamlanivimab-etesevimab/Pages/extension.aspx">https://www.phe.gov/emergency/events/COVID19/investigation-mcM/Bamlanivimab-etesevimab/Pages/extension.aspx</a>

To protect and improve the health and environment of all Kansans

These are some helpful links for providers and facilities. The first is the FDA fact sheet for SOTROVIMAB to help providers and facilities consider and develop protocols for use as mentioned earlier.

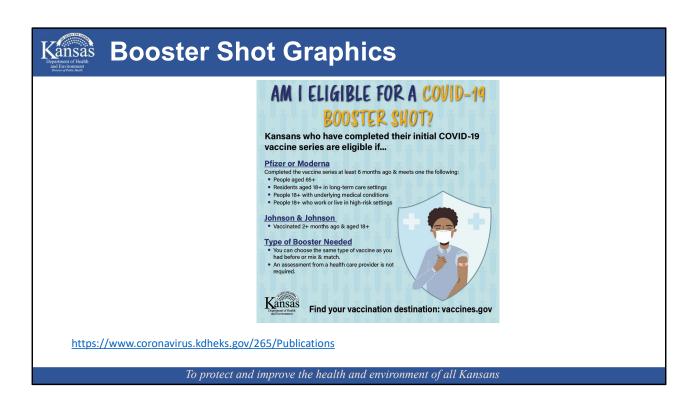
The second and third bullet points contain information about the shelf life expiration date extension for the BAM and ETE respectfully. Remember, that these two medications, BAM and ETE, must be used together to meet the requirements of the Emergency Use Authorization.



### Requesting

- All mAbs are being allocated weekly per the therapy allocation formula
- KDHE now has a small quantity of mAbs for requesting from appropriate facilities. Place a request by emailing <a href="miles.mcnulty@ks.gov">mike.mcnulty@ks.gov</a>
  - ETESEVIMAB INJ 700MG/20ML SDV (good supply)
  - REGEN-COV (small supply)
  - BAM WITH ETE (good supply)
  - SOTROVIMAB (very small supply)
- If you have any questions related to monoclonal antibody distribution in Kansas, please contact Michael McNulty (<a href="mike.mcnulty@ks.gov">mike.mcnulty@ks.gov</a>)





https://www.coronavirus.kdheks.gov/265/Public ations



https://www.coronavirus.kdheks.gov/265/Publications



### **Updated Booster Shot One Pagers**



#### **COVID-19 VACCINE BOOSTER SHOT FAQs**





#### Why do I need a COVID-19 booster vaccine?

COVID-19 vaccines continue to decrease the risk of getting sick, ending up in the hospital, or dying because of COVID-19, including from the Delta variant. Public health experts however are betta variant. Public health experts however are starting to see less protection against getting sick from COVID-19 for certain types of people because of the Delta variant. The purpose of booster vaccines is to keep a high level of protection against COVID-19 infection. Booster doses are common for vaccines targeting many other different types of diseases too.

Right now, almost all the worst cases COVID-19, including when people end up in the hospital or die from COVID-19 happen to people who are not fully vaccinated. People not fully vaccinated



#### Who is eligible for a COVID-19 vaccine booster?

For people who got the Pfizer-BioNTech or Moderna COVID-19 vaccine, the following groups can get a booster shot at least six months after

- 65 years and older
   Age 18+ who live in long-term care settings
   Age 18+ who have <u>underlying medical</u>
- Age 18+ who work or live in high-risk settings

For ALL people who got the Johnson & Johnson/ Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine, booster shots are recommended for those who are 18 and older and were vaccinated at least two months ago.

https://www.kansasvaccine .gov/182/Toolkits-Resources

To protect and improve the health and environment of all Kansans

https://www.kansasvaccine.gov/182/Toolkits-Resources



https://publichealthcollaborative.org/downloads/

